

New Jersey Sales Tax Guide

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		Revision His	tory
Date	Page Number	Торіс	Revision
July 6, 2022	3 & 8	Taxability of Medical Cannabis	This revision updates information about the taxability of medical cannabis effective July 1, 2022.

Introduction

This bulletin has been designed as a guide to New Jersey Sales Tax and the taxability of certain items and services sold at retail. The lists of taxable and exempt items given throughout this publication are not meant to be all-inclusive. If after reading this bulletin you are unsure whether an item is taxable, <u>contact</u> the New Jersey Division of Taxation. Information on the taxability of boats is available on the Division's <u>website</u>.

New for 2022

Retail sales of recreational cannabis are subject to Sales Tax (<u>N.J.S.A.</u> 54:32B-3(a)). Any business involved in the sale of cannabis must be registered with the Division.

For more information, see <u>Recreational Cannabis and Licensed Cannabis Establishments</u>.

Retail sales of medical cannabis are not taxable effective July 1, 2022.

Sales Tax Law

The New Jersey Sales and Use Tax Act imposes a tax on the receipts from every retail sale of tangible personal property, specified digital products, and the sale of certain services, except as otherwise provided in the Act. Tangible personal property can include prewritten computer software delivered electronically. In addition, most services performed on tangible personal property and specified digital products are taxable unless they are specifically exempted by law. Exempt items include most food sold as grocery items, most clothing and footwear, disposable paper products for household use, prescription drugs, and over-the-counter drugs.

Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement (SSUTA)

The Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement affects the New Jersey Sales Tax treatment of certain products and services, including, but not limited to, candy, soft drinks, prepared food, certain clothing and footwear, grooming and hygiene products, and lease transactions.

More information on the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement is available online.

Urban Enterprise Zones

New Jersey has established Urban Enterprise Zones in a number of economically distressed cities in the State. Within these zones, qualified businesses that have a UZ-2 certificate may charge Sales Tax at half of the regular rate on sales of tangible personal property qualified for the reduced rate. In order for the qualified UEZ seller to offer this reduced rate, the purchaser must place the order in person at the seller's place of business in the zone. In addition, the purchaser must accept delivery at the seller's place of business within the zone, or the seller must deliver the property from its business location in the zone, not from another location.

More information on Urban Enterprise Zones and the benefits available to qualified UEZ businesses is provided on the Division's <u>website</u>.

Salem County Reduced Sales Tax

Certain sales made by businesses located in Salem County are subject to Sales Tax at half of the regular rate. Although there are certain exceptions, the reduced rate applies solely to retail sales of tangible personal property. The following are not eligible for the reduced rate:

- Motor vehicles;
- Alcoholic beverages;
- Cigarettes;
- Mail-order, catalog, or internet sales;
- Sales of services (e.g., maintenance and/or repairs);
- Prepared food, meals, and beverages;
- Telephone and electronically communicated sales;
- Sales made from locations outside the county;
- Charges for admissions or amusements;
- Charges for room occupancy, including hotels and transient accommodations such as short-term rentals of rooms, homes, or other lodging;
- Cannabis.

To qualify for the reduced rate, the sale must be made in person from a place of business regularly operated by the seller for the purpose of making retail sales. In addition, the purchaser must accept delivery at the seller's place of business in Salem County, or the seller must deliver the property to the purchaser from the seller's location in Salem County.

Transient Accommodations

New Jersey taxes occupancies of certain types of real property, such as hotels and motels. Current law extends similar tax treatment to transient accommodations.

Transient accommodations are short-term rentals such as:

- Vacation rentals;
- Houses;
- Rooms;
- Similar lodging for guests on a transient basis.

New Jersey property owners who provide transient accommodations are now required to collect and remit New Jersey Sales Tax, the State Occupancy Fee, the Municipal Occupancy

Fee (if applicable), and in some cases, other municipal taxes, fees, and assessments. They must be registered with the State to collect and remit these taxes and fees.

Certain transient accommodations are exempt from tax. See <u>Taxes Imposed on Charges for</u> <u>the Rental of Transient Accommodations</u> for exclusions.

<u>Use Tax</u>

Use Tax is due when taxable tangible personal property, specified digital products, or services are purchased for use in New Jersey but Sales Tax is not collected, or is collected at a rate less than New Jersey's rate. This commonly happens when purchases are made online, by phone or mail order, or outside the State. If the items are delivered to a New Jersey address, the purchaser must pay Use Tax based on the purchase price, including any delivery/shipping charges. The Use Tax rate is the same as the Sales Tax rate, which is 6.625%.

No Sales Tax Paid. If no Sales Tax is paid on a taxable item or service, the purchaser owes 6.625% Use Tax to New Jersey.

Example: A New Jersey resident buys a pool table for \$3,000 plus \$50 for shipping from a company based in another state. The pool table is delivered to the purchaser's home. The seller does not charge Sales Tax. The purchaser owes Use Tax of \$202.06 ($$3,050 \times .06625 = 202.06).

Sales Tax Paid to Another State at a Rate Less Than New Jersey's Rate. If Sales Tax is paid to another state (including Sales Tax paid to a city, county, or other jurisdiction within a state) at a total rate less than 6.625% on a purchase that would have been taxed in New Jersey, the purchaser owes Use Tax on the difference between the two rates. No credit is allowed for Sales Tax paid to a foreign country.

Example: On a trip to Maine, Judy Chang buys an antique desk for her office for \$4,000 and pays Maine Sales Tax at the rate of 5.5%. The difference, \$45 (1.125% of the purchase price), is due to New Jersey as Use Tax.

For more information, see Use Tax in New Jersey.

Grocery, Drug, and Household Items

Beginning on page 5 is a list of items commonly found in a retail store, with an indication of whether the item is taxable (T) or exempt (E) from Sales Tax *when sold to an individual consumer.*

Most items of food and drink purchased in a food store (supermarket, grocery store, produce market, bakery, etc.) are not subject to Sales Tax. Some items found on the list may become taxable if sold as prepared food. See the definition of <u>prepared food</u>. For more information, see the <u>Notice regarding food and food products</u>. Food and beverages that can be purchased

with government benefits from the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance program (SNAP) are exempt from Sales Tax. Thus, taxable items such as candy and soft drinks are not subject to tax when purchased with SNAP benefits.

Sales of disposable paper products, such as towels, napkins, toilet tissue, paper plates, and paper cups, are exempt from Sales Tax when purchased "for household use." This exemption does *not* apply to the sale of disposable paper products for industrial, commercial, or other business use.

Food and food ingredients (exempt) means substances, whether in liquid, concentrated, solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that are sold for ingestion or chewing by humans and are consumed for their taste or nutritional value. This term does not include tobacco and nicotine products, alcoholic beverages, candy, or soft drinks.

Dietary supplements (exempt) are any products required by the federal government to be labeled as a dietary supplement that are identifiable by the "Supplement Facts" box on the label. Many items that are commonly marketed as health supplements, energy bars, or meal replacement bars do not fall within the definition of "dietary supplements." These items could be taxable as candy if they meet the definition below.

Candy (taxable) means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts, or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. Any preparation containing flour or requiring refrigeration is not considered "candy."

Soft drinks (taxable) are nonalcoholic beverages in liquid form that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. Beverages that contain milk or milk products; soy, rice, or similar milk substitutes; or more than 50% fruit or vegetable juice are not considered "soft drinks" and are not subject to Sales Tax.

Prescription drugs and over-the-counter (OTC) drugs (for human use) also are exempt from Sales Tax if there is a label identifying the product as a drug, such as a "Drug Facts" panel or a statement of active ingredients. The OTC drug exemption does not apply to any *grooming and hygiene product,* which means a soap or cleaning solution, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirant, suntan lotion, or sunscreen.

Diabetic supplies, prosthetic devices, and durable medical equipment for home use are exempt from Sales Tax. *Mobility enhancing equipment* also is exempt when sold pursuant to a doctor's prescription. Repair and replacement parts for the exempt devices and equipment also are not subject to Sales Tax.

Examples of *prosthetic devices* include:

Artificial Limbs

Hearing Aids

Corrective Eyeglasses and Contact Lenses	Heart Valves
	Pacemakers

Examples of durable medical equipment include:

Bed Pans	Heating Pads
Blood Pressure Machines and Cuffs	Ice Packs

Examples of mobility enhancing equipment include:

Canes	Wheelchairs
Crutches	Wheelchair Lifts

Hand Controls for Vehicles

For more information, see <u>Health Care Products</u>: Drugs, Grooming and Hygiene Products, Prosthetic Devices, Durable Medical Equipment, and Mobility Enhancing Equipment.

Acne Products:

Cleansers or Soaps Air Fresheners	
Air Fresheners	
Alcohol, Rubbing	E
Alcohol, Swabs and Pads	
Alcoholic Beverages (prepackaged	
or by the drink)	T
Allergy Relief Products	E
Aluminum Foil	
Ammonia	T
Anesthetics	
Antacids	E
Antibiotics	E
Antifungals	E
Antihistamines	E
Antinauseants	E
Antiperspirants	T
Arch Supports	E
Arthritis Relievers	
Artificial Tears	E
Aspirins and Combinations	E
Asthma Preparations	E
Astringents	E
Athlete's Foot Treatments	E
Alcoholic Beverages (prepackaged or by the drink) Allergy Relief Products Aluminum Foil Ammonia Amsthetics Antacids Antacids Antibiotics Antibiotics Antifungals Antifungals Antifungals Antihistamines Antiperspirants Antiperspirants Arthore Supports Arthritis Relievers Arthritis Relievers Artificial Tears Aspirins and Combinations Asthma Preparations	T E E E E E E E E E

Bath Beads, Oils, SachetsT
Bathing CapsE
Bathroom CleanersT
BatteriesT
Batteries, Hearing aidE
Bed LinensT
Bed Pans <i>for home use</i> E
Bee Sting RelieversE
Beverage Flavorings/Enhancers—Liquid,
ConcentratedE
Beverage Powders (Kool-Aid,
lemonade, iced tea)E
Beverage Syrups:
FlavoredE
SodaE
Beverages, Sweetened:
Containing milk, milk products, or
milk substitutes (soy, rice, etc.)E
Containing more than 50% juiceE
Containing no milk products and
containing 50% or less juiceT
containing 50 % of less juice
Beverages, UnsweetenedE
-
Beverages, UnsweetenedE
Beverages, UnsweetenedE BibsE
Beverages, UnsweetenedE BibsE Bird FoodT
Beverages, UnsweetenedE BibsE Bird FoodT Birth Control PreparationsE
Beverages, UnsweetenedE BibsE Bird FoodT Birth Control PreparationsE Biscuits, CrackersE
Beverages, UnsweetenedEBibsEBird FoodTBirth Control PreparationsEBiscuits, CrackersEBlankets (except baby receiving blankets)T
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Beverages, Unsweetened E Bibs E Bird Food T Birth Control Preparations E Biscuits, Crackers E Blankets (except baby receiving blankets) T Bleach—Liquid, Dry T Blistex® (medicated) E Blood Pressure Cuffs for home use E
Beverages, Unsweetened E Bibs E Bird Food T Birth Control Preparations E Biscuits, Crackers E Blankets (except baby receiving blankets) T Bleach—Liquid, Dry T Blistex® (medicated) E Blood Pressure Cuffs for home use E Books (except certain textbooks approved by the school) T (see also Newspapers, Magazines, and T
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Beverages, Unsweetened E Bibs E Bird Food T Birth Control Preparations E Biscuits, Crackers E Blankets (except baby receiving blankets) T Bleach—Liquid, Dry T Blistex® (medicated) E Blood Pressure Cuffs for home use E Books (except certain textbooks approved by the school) T (see also Newspapers, Magazines, and Books and Specified Digital Products) Bottled Water: Sweetened T Unsweetened E
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Beverages, Unsweetened E Bibs E Bird Food T Birth Control Preparations E Biscuits, Crackers E Blankets (except baby receiving blankets) T Bleach—Liquid, Dry T Blistex® (medicated) E Blood Pressure Cuffs for home use E Books (except certain textbooks approved by the school) T (see also Newspapers, Magazines, and Books and Specified Digital Products) Bottled Water: Sweetened T Unsweetened E
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Beverages, Unsweetened E Bibs E Bird Food T Birth Control Preparations E Biscuits, Crackers E Blankets (except baby receiving blankets) T Bleach—Liquid, Dry T Blistex® (medicated) E Blood Pressure Cuffs for home use E Books (except certain textbooks approved by the school) T (see also Newspapers, Magazines, and Books and Specified Digital Products) Bottled Water: Sweetened T Unsweetened E Braces—Ankle, Knee E Braces E

Breath Freshener T	
Bubble BathT	
Butane E	
Cake Mixes E	
Calling Cards, Telephone (prepaid):	
Sale of CardT	
Additional MinutesT	
Camera Lens and Eyeglass Cleaner Tissues T	
CandlesT	
Candy (see <u>Candy</u>)T	
Taxable <i>unless</i> product contains flour	
(e.g., Nestle Crunch®) or requires refrigeration.	
CanesT	
Sold pursuant to doctor's prescription E	
Canker Sore Preparations E	
Cannabis:	
RecreationalT	
MedicalE	
Canned Goods:	
FruitsE	
Meats, Fish (except pet food)E	
Milk E	
SoupE	
Vegetables E	
Car Wash and Wax T	
Carbonated Beverages (see <u>Beverages</u>)	
Carpet CleanersT	
Carpet DeodorizersT	
Castor OilE	
Cat FoodT	
CDs, Cassettes, DVDsT	
Cereal Bars (see <u>Candy</u>)*	
*Taxability depends on ingredients.	
CerealsE	
Chapstick® (medicated)E	
Charcoal, Charcoal BriquettesE	
Cheese, Cheese SpreadsE	
Chewing GumT	
Chewing TobaccoT	
Chips—Chocolate, Butterscotch, etc.	
(for use in baking):	

Sweetened	T
Unsweetened	E
Chips—Potato, Corn, etc.	E
Christmas Trees	Т
Christmas Tree Skirts—Paper, Cloth	Т
Cigarette Filters	Т
Cigarette Papers	Т
Cigarettes	Т
Cigars	Т
Cleaning Liquids, Powders	Т
Clotheslines	Т
Clothespins	T
Clothing (see <u>Clothing and Footwear</u>)	
Cocktail Onions, Olives	E
Cocktail Sauces	E
Cocoa, Instant	E
Cod Liver Oil	
Coffee—Beans, Packaged, Instant	E
Coffee Filters—Paper for household use	
Coffee Pot Cleaners	T
Cold Preparations and Remedies	
Cold Sore Preparations	E
Combs	T
Computers: (see also <u>Services</u>)	
Computer Systems	
Computer Systems Hardware Components	T
Computer Systems Hardware Components Prewritten Computer Software	T T
Computer Systems Hardware Components Prewritten Computer Software Condiments (ketchup, mustard, etc.)	T T E
Computer Systems Hardware Components Prewritten Computer Software Condiments (ketchup, mustard, etc.) Condoms	T T E T
Computer Systems Hardware Components Prewritten Computer Software Condiments (ketchup, mustard, etc.) Condoms Confections (see <u>Candy</u>)	T T E T T
Computer Systems Hardware Components Prewritten Computer Software Condiments (ketchup, mustard, etc.) Condoms Confections (see <u>Candy</u>) Constipation Products	T T E T T
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Computer Systems Hardware Components Prewritten Computer Software Condiments (ketchup, mustard, etc.) Condoms Confections (see <u>Candy</u>) Constipation Products Contact Lens Care Products (including saline solution)	T E T T E
Computer Systems Hardware Components Prewritten Computer Software Condiments (ketchup, mustard, etc.) Condoms Confections (see <u>Candy</u>) Constipation Products Contact Lens Care Products (including saline solution) Contact Lens Cleaner, Solution	T E T T E T
Computer Systems	T E T T T T T
Computer Systems Hardware Components Prewritten Computer Software Condiments (ketchup, mustard, etc.) Condoms Confections (see <u>Candy</u>) Constipation Products Contact Lens Care Products (including saline solution) Contact Lens Cleaner, Solution Contact Lenses (prescription) Contact Lenses (preparations	T E T T T T E
Computer Systems	T E T T E E
Computer Systems Hardware Components Prewritten Computer Software Condiments (ketchup, mustard, etc.) Condoms Confections (see <u>Candy</u>) Constipation Products Contact Lens Care Products (including saline solution) Contact Lens Cleaner, Solution Contact Lenses (prescription) Contraceptive Preparations Cooking Wine Copper Cleaner	T E T T E E E E
Computer Systems	T E T T E E E E T
Computer Systems	T E T E T E T E
Computer Systems	T E T T T E T T

Costumes	. E
Cotton Balls	. T
Cough Preparations	. E
Covid-19 Test Kits	.Т
Cream, Milk, Half and Half	. E
Crepe Paper	. T
Crutches	. T
Sold pursuant to doctor's prescription	. E
Cups:	
Paper for household use	. E
Plastic, Foam	Τ.
Cuticle Remove	Τ.
Dandruff/Seborrhea Shampoo	Τ.
Decongestants	.E
Decorations—Paper, Plastic	Τ.
Dental Floss	Τ.
Dental Rinse	Τ.
Denture Adhesives, Preparations	Τ.
Deodorants, Antiperspirants	Τ.
Deodorizers—Room, Car, Carpet	Τ.
Depilatories	Τ.
Detergents	Τ.
Diabetic Supplies (lancets, needles,	
syringes, test strips, wipes, etc.)	.E
Diapers (including disposable)	.E
Diaper Liners	.E
Diarrhea Aids	.E
Digestive Aids	.E
Digital Property (see <u>Specified</u>	
Digital Products)	Τ.
Dinnerware (disposable):	
Paper for household use	
Plastic, Foam	
Dips—Cheese, Onion, etc	.E
Dish Detergents	
Disinfectants	
Distilled Water	
Diuretics	
Dog Food	
Doilies—Paper, Foil	Τ.
Douches:	
Antiseptic, Anti-Infectious	.E

Cleaning, DeodorizingT
Drain Openers, CleanersT
Drawer LinersT
DVDs, CDsT
DyesT
Ear Preparation, Ache AidsE
Ear SyringesE
Eczema PreparationsE
Eggs—Fresh, DriedE
Electrical SuppliesT
Energy Bars (see <u>Candy</u>)*
*Taxability depends on ingredients.
Epsom Salt:
Garden UseT
Medical Use (for humans)E
ExpectorantsE
Eye PreparationsE
Eyeglass Cleaner TissuesT
Eyeglass Frames (fitted with corrective
lenses)E
Eyeglasses (corrective) E
Fabric SoftenersT
Facial Cleansing PadsT
Feminine Napkins, TamponsE
Fever Blister AidsE
Fiberglass CleanerT
Film, Film ProcessingT
FirewoodE
First Aid KitsT
First Aid Products:
BandagesT
Healing Agents, Solutions, etc E
Fishing BaitT
Flags:
State of New JerseyE
United States of AmericaE
All OthersT
FlashlightsT
FlatwareT
Flea CollarsT
Floor Cleaners and PolishesT
Floor Coverings, RugsT

Brushes, CombsT
ConditionersT
Curler PapersT
RinsesT
Shampoos, including Minoxidil-basedT
Halloween MasksT
Hand CleanersT
Hand LotionT
Hay Fever AidsE
Headache Relief AidsE
Health/Fitness Equipment (weights,
exercise balls, steps, etc.)T
Heating PadsE
Hemorrhoid TreatmentsE
H.I.V. Testing Kits (only when sample is
sent to lab for analysis and report)E
Hosiery, all typesE
Hot Chocolate, InstantE
Hypodermic Syringes and Needles:
Diabetic UseE
Disposable (for nondiabetic use)T
Reusable (for home use)E
IbuprofenE
IceE
Ice Buckets, Ice ChestsT
Ice Cream:
Individually wrapped bars, sandwiches,
popsicles, cones
(single item or by the box)E
By the gallon or part of a gallonE
Ice Cream Cones (hand-dipped)T
Iced Tea:
Liquid, sweetenedT
Liquid, unsweetened E
Powdered, sweetened or unsweetened E
Icing/Frosting E
Ingrown Nail PreparationsE
Insect Bite and Sting Preparations E
Insecticides, Repellents T
Instant Cocoa, Coffee, Tea E
Insulin E
Iodine, Tincture of E

Itch, Rash Relievers	. E
Jams and Jellies	. E
Jewelry Cleaners	. T
Juice Drinks:	
Containing 50% or less juice	. T
Containing over 50% juice	. E
Keys	. T
Laundry Soaps and Detergents	. T
Lawn Bags	. T
Laxatives	E
Leather Cleaners (saddle soap)	Τ.
Leavening Agents	E
Lemonade:	
Liquid, sweetened	Τ.
Powdered	. E
Lice Treatments (for humans)	. E
Light Bulbs	Τ.
Lighter Fluid	. E
Linens	Τ.
Liners—Garbage Can, Shelf, etc	
Lint Removers	Τ.
Lip Balms (medicated)	. E
Lipstick	Τ.
Liquid Nicotine	
Litter Box Liners	T.
Lotions:	
Cleansing	T.
Moisturizing	T.
Lunch Bags:	
Paper <i>for household use</i>	E
Plastic	T
Lye	T
Magazines (or periodicals), qualified:	
(see <u>Newspapers, Magazines, and Book</u>	
Sold as single copies (hard copies)	
Sold as single copies (electronic)	
Sold by subscription	
Makeup	
Makeup Remover	
Maraschino Cherries	
Marshmallow Fluff	
Marshmallows	T

MatchesT
MeatsE
Medicines (for pets)T
Menstrual Cramp RelieversE
Metal Cleaners and PolishesT
Mildew RemoverT
Milk (fresh, powdered), Cream,
Half and HalfE
Mineral OilE
Mineral or Herbal Supplements
(in form of pills, capsules, etc.)E
Mixes for SoupsE
Mixes for alcoholic beverages:
Liquid, sweetened (see <u>Beverages</u>)
Liquid, unsweetenedE
PowderedE
Mops, Mop HandlesT
Motion Sickness RemediesE
MouthwashT
Movies (see Specified Digital Products)T
Muscle Ache RelieversE
Music (see Specified Digital Products)T
Nail Biting DeterrentsT
Nail PolishT
Nail Polish RemoverT
Napkins, Table—Paper for household use E
Nasal Sprays, DecongestantsE
NewspapersE
Nicotine Gum or PatchT
Non-stick Cooking Sprays E
Nursing Bottles, Nipples, FunnelsT
Nursing Pads—PaperE
Nuts:
Sweetened (see Candy)
Unsweetened E
Oil—Cooking, Salad E
Olives E
Oral Pain Relievers E
Oven Cleaners T
Oven Cooking Bags:
Paper <i>for household use</i> E
Plastic or AluminumT

Ovulation Testing Kits	T
Oxygen	
Paint Remover	T
Paper Bags for household use	E
Paper Goods (plates, towels, etc.)	
for household use	E
Paperback Books	T
Peroxide, Hydrogen (for medical use)	E
Pet Foods	T
Pet Shampoo	T
Pet Supplies	T
Petroleum Jelly	E
Pets	T
Pickles	E
Pies, Pie Crusts	E
Pillows	T
Place Mats:	
Cloth and plastic	T
Paper <i>for household use</i>	
Plants (including fruit, vegetable)	T
Plates:	
Paper <i>for household use</i>	E
Plastic, Foam	T
Poison Ivy and Oak Treatment	
Preparations	E
Polishing Cloths and Mitts	T
Popcorn:	
Popped, sweetener added	
Popped, no sweetener added	E
Unpopped, any flavor	
Powdered Beverage Mix	
Pregnancy Testing Kits	
Prescription Contraceptives	
Prescription Drugs (for human use)	
Presoaks, Laundry	
Preserves	
Pretzels (unheated)	
Propane	
Puddings	E
Pumpkins:	
Used for decoration	
Used for food	E

RainhoodsE
Ringtones (see Specified Digital Products)T
Rock SaltT
Rogaine® Foam/SolutionE
Rubber GlovesE
Rug Cleaners and ShampoosT
Rug DeodorizersT
Salads (potato salad, coleslaw, etc.)*
(see <u>Prepared Food</u>)
*Taxability depends on how product is
sold.
Salt and Salt SubstitutesE
Sandwich Bags:
Paper <i>for household use</i> E
PlasticT
Sanitary Napkins, TamponsE
Scouring PadsT
Seeds—Flower or VegetableT
ShampoosT
Shaving CreamT
Shelf LinersT
Shoe Inserts (Odor Eaters) E
Shoe Laces E
Shoe PolishT
Shoes (see <u>Clothing and Footwear</u>)
Shower CapsT
Sinus Relievers E
Skin BleachesT
Skin Irritation Relievers E
Sleep Aids E
SnuffT
SoapT
Soap PadsT
Soup Mixes E
Spaghetti E
Sparklers, Party Poppers, Glow WormsT
Specified Digital Products (see Specified
Digital Products)T
SpicesE
SpongesT
Stain and Spot RemoverT
Starch:

Corn		E
Laundry		T
Static Remover		T
Stationery		T
Steel Wool		T
Stirrers—Wood, Plastic.		T
Straws:		
Paper <i>for household</i>	l use	E
Plastic		T
Sugar and Sugar Substit	utes	E
Sunburn Relief Products		E
Sunglasses		T
Sunscreens		T
Surgical Adhesive		T
Table Covers:		
Paper <i>for household</i>	l use	E
Plastic		
Tampons (and like prod		
Таре		
Tea—Prepackaged, Dry,		
Tears, Artificial		
Teething Lotions		E
Telephone Calling Cards		
Additional Minutes		
Sale of Card		
Tenderizers (spices)		
Thermometers (reusable		
Tile Cleaners		
	and To	
for household use		
Tobacco		
Toilet Bowl Cleaners		
Toilet Bowl Deodorizers		
Tooth Ache Relievers		
Tooth Polish		
Toothbrushes		
Toothpaste		
Toothpicks Towelettes <i>for househol</i>		
Towelettes <i>for nousenol</i> Towels:	u use	C
		т
Cloth Paper <i>for household</i>		
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WaxT
Wax RemoverT
Waxed Paper for household use E
WheelchairsT
Sold pursuant to doctor's prescription E
Whipped CreamE
Whiteners, LaundryT
WigsT
Window Cleaning LiquidsT
Windshield Washer SolutionT
Wipes:
Handi Wipes® (rayon)T
Witch Hazel E
Wool WashesT
Wrapping Paper, BowsT
Wraps:
Foil, PlasticT
Paper <i>for household use</i> E

Services

The following is a list of common services, with an indication of whether the service is taxable (T) or exempt (E) from Sales Tax.

Accounting Services:
Professional ServicesE
Electronic Filing ChargesT
Admission Charges:
Spectator Sports (baseball games,
basketball games, professional
wrestling events, etc.)T
Participant Sports (bowling, fishing,
swimming, etc.)E
Places of Amusement (movie theaters,
amusement parks, trade shows,
craft shows, etc.)T
Advertising Services (in general)E
Alarm MonitoringT
Animal Boarding at Seller's FacilityT
Animal GroomingT
Answering Services, TelephoneT
Appliance RepairsT
Appraisals—Jewelry, Real Estate, etcE

Chimney Sweeping (residential)E
Cleaning Services (janitorial)T
Computer Maintenance/Repair
Credit Check/ReportT
Credit Repair ServicesE
Data Processing ServicesE
Debt Collection E
Delivery Charges:
On Taxable ItemsT
On Nontaxable ItemsE
Disc JockeyE
Dry Cleaning:
ClothingE
Other
Document Fees Imposed by Motor Vehicle
Dealerships:
For taxable motor vehicle salesT
•
For taxable motor vehicle salesT
For taxable motor vehicle salesT For nontaxable motor vehicle salesE Separately stated fees for title and registration charged by New Jersey
For taxable motor vehicle sales
For taxable motor vehicle salesT For nontaxable motor vehicle salesE Separately stated fees for title and registration charged by New Jersey
For taxable motor vehicle sales
For taxable motor vehicle salesT For nontaxable motor vehicle salesE Separately stated fees for title and registration charged by New Jersey Motor Vehicle CommissionE Electronic Filing ChargesT
For taxable motor vehicle salesT For nontaxable motor vehicle salesE Separately stated fees for title and registration charged by New Jersey Motor Vehicle CommissionE Electronic Filing ChargesT Employment Agency FeesE
For taxable motor vehicle salesT For nontaxable motor vehicle salesE Separately stated fees for title and registration charged by New Jersey Motor Vehicle CommissionE Electronic Filing ChargesT Employment Agency FeesE Extended Warranty AgreementsT
For taxable motor vehicle salesT For nontaxable motor vehicle salesE Separately stated fees for title and registration charged by New Jersey Motor Vehicle CommissionE Electronic Filing ChargesT Employment Agency FeesE Extended Warranty AgreementsT Facsimile (Fax) ServicesT
For taxable motor vehicle salesT For nontaxable motor vehicle salesE Separately stated fees for title and registration charged by New Jersey Motor Vehicle CommissionE Electronic Filing ChargesT Employment Agency FeesE Extended Warranty AgreementsT Facsimile (Fax) ServicesT Floor Covering InstallationT
For taxable motor vehicle salesT For nontaxable motor vehicle salesE Separately stated fees for title and registration charged by New Jersey Motor Vehicle CommissionE Electronic Filing ChargesT Employment Agency FeesE Extended Warranty AgreementsT Facsimile (Fax) ServicesT Floor Covering InstallationT Garbage Removal:
For taxable motor vehicle salesT For nontaxable motor vehicle salesE Separately stated fees for title and registration charged by New Jersey Motor Vehicle CommissionE Electronic Filing ChargesT Employment Agency FeesE Extended Warranty AgreementsT Facsimile (Fax) ServicesT Floor Covering InstallationT Garbage Removal: Contractual (30 days or more)E
For taxable motor vehicle salesT For nontaxable motor vehicle salesE Separately stated fees for title and registration charged by New Jersey Motor Vehicle CommissionE Electronic Filing ChargesT Employment Agency FeesE Extended Warranty AgreementsT Facsimile (Fax) ServicesT Floor Covering InstallationT Garbage Removal: Contractual (30 days or more)E

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*Tax does not apply to memberships in clubs whose members are predominantly age 18 or under or when charges are made by qualified exempt organizations or New Jersey State or local government entities.

Moving	Services		Е
Parking	:		
Parki	ng, storing	, or garaging a	
mo	otor vehicle		Т
At	facility	owned/operated	by
em	ployer		E

Atlantic	City	casino	hotel	\$3	parking
fee					Е
Parking receipts subject to tax imposed					
by any	other	r law or o	ordinar	nce	Е
Provided by a municipality, county, or					
munici	pal/co	ounty pa	irking a	utho	orityE

Provided to employee by employerE
ResidentialE
Pest Control:
InspectionE
TreatmentT
Pet Sitting at Owner's HomeE
Photocopying ServicesT
Photographer's ServicesT
Prewritten Computer Software Delivered
Electronically:
Sold to individualsT
Used directly in the conduct of the
purchaser's business/tradeE
Printing ServicesT
Professional Services (doctor, lawyer, etc.) E
Restaurant MealsT
Safe Deposit Box RentalT
Scanning—Photos, Records, etcT
Security Guard and Patrol ServicesT
Security Systems Services
Service Contracts (in general)T
Shoe Repair E
Silk-Screening, Monogramming,
Embroidering:
Purchase of Clothing Included
Services OnlyT
+Included in rate

Snow RemovalT
Space for StorageT
Storage Service ChargesT
Tanning SessionsT
TattooingT
By prescription in conjunction with
reconstructive breast surgeryE
Telecommunications Services
(landline and wireless telephone,
telegraph, pagers, alarm monitoring, etc.)
T
Telephone Answering ServicesT
Tips and Gratuities (separately stated
and paid in full to employees)E
TowingE
Transportation (see also <u>Delivery Charges</u> .).E
Trash Removal:
Contractual (30 days or more)E
NoncontractualT
Travel Agency FeesE
Typing ServicesE
Utilities (natural gas, electricity) T +
VideographyT
Website DesignE
Website Hosting
Window WashingT

Delivery Charges for Taxable Property and Services

Sales Tax is imposed on the charges for delivery of property (or services) from a seller directly to a customer if the items sold are subject to tax. Tax is not imposed on delivery charges for nontaxable items like clothing, property purchased for resale, and property covered by any other statutory exemption provision.

Delivery charges are defined as charges by the seller for preparation and delivery to a location designated by the purchaser of personal property or services including, but not limited to, transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating, and packing. If a shipment includes both exempt and taxable property, the seller should allocate the delivery charge by using:

• A percentage based on the total sales price of the taxable property compared to the total sales price of all property in the shipment; or

• A percentage based on the total weight of the taxable property compared to the total weight of all property in the shipment.

Thus, only the portion of the delivery charge that relates to the taxable property or service is subject to Sales Tax. In these mixed transactions, if the seller does not allocate the delivery charge, the entire delivery charge is taxable.

For information about delivery charges on out-of-state sales, see <u>Out-of-State Sales & New</u> <u>Jersey Sales Tax</u>.

Coupons

The following guidelines apply to retail sale transactions involving the use of coupons.

• When a manufacturer issues a coupon entitling a purchaser to pay a reduced price on an item, and the seller is *reimbursed* by the manufacturer, distributor, or other third party, the tax is due on the full regular price of the item. The sales price is composed of the amount paid and the amount of the coupon value. The coupon value reflects a payment or reimbursement by another party to the seller.

Example: A store issues a coupon labeled "mfr." entitling the holder to purchase an item for \$10 less than the regular price.

Regular price	\$	99.95
6.625% Sales Tax	+	<u>6.62</u>
Total before discount	\$	106.57
Manufacturer's coupon	_	10.00
Customer pays	\$	96.57

• When a store issues a coupon entitling a purchaser to a discounted price on the item or a free or reduced price on an additional item, and the seller receives *no reimbursement* from the manufacturer or other third party, the Sales Tax is due from the purchaser on only the discounted price, which is the actual receipt.

Example: A store issues a coupon entitling the holder to purchase a product for 50 cents less than the regular price.

Regular price	\$ 2.37
Store coupon	- 0.50
Taxable receipt	\$ 1.87
6.625% Sales Tax	<u>+ 0.12</u>
Customer pays	\$ 1.99

• When a store issues a coupon entitling a purchaser to pay a reduced price on an item, and the seller is *reimbursed* by a manufacturer, distributor, or other third party, the tax

is due on the full regular price of the item. The sales price is composed of the amount paid and the amount of the coupon value.

• When a manufacturer or a seller issues a coupon involving a *third-party reimbursement*, but does not disclose that fact to the purchaser on the coupon or in an accompanying advertisement, the seller will collect from the purchaser only the tax due on the reduced price, but will be required to pay the tax based on the entire sales price (i.e., the amount of the price paid and the reimbursement Received from the manufacturer or other third party).

For more information, see Coupons, Discounts & New Jersey Sales Tax.

Prepared Food

Sales of prepared food are subject to Sales Tax. *Prepared food,* which includes beverages, means:

- Food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller; or
- Two or more food ingredients combined by the seller and sold as a single item; or
- Food sold with eating utensils provided by the seller.

Food that is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, as well as eggs, fish, meat, poultry, and foods that contain these raw animal foods that require cooking by the consumer are not treated as prepared food.

The following are *not* treated as prepared food, *unless* the seller provides eating utensils with the items:

- Food sold by a seller that is a manufacturer;
- Food sold in an unheated state by weight or volume as a single item; and
- Bakery items sold as such, including bread, rolls, buns, bagels, donuts, cookies, muffins, etc.

Eating utensils include plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws. The sale of prepared food by restaurants, taverns, delicatessens, or other establishments engaged in selling food that fits within the definition of prepared food is subject to Sales Tax.

For more information, see <u>Sales of Food and Food Ingredients</u>, <u>Candy</u>, <u>Dietary Supplements</u>, <u>and Soft Drinks Sold by a Grocery Store</u>.

Cottage Food Operators (Home Bakers) Cottage Food Operators who sell cottage food products are considered to be running a business, and must register that business with the State of New Jersey. For tax purposes, Cottage Food Operators are treated the same as

any other seller: if the product they sell is taxable, they must collect and remit Sales Tax. For information regarding definitions or permit procedures, see <u>Cottage Food Operators- Baked</u> <u>Goods.</u>

For more information, see <u>Sales of Prepared Food by Food Service Providers</u> or <u>Sales of Food</u> <u>and Food Ingredients</u>, <u>Candy</u>, <u>Dietary Supplements</u>, <u>and Soft Drinks Sold by a Grocery Store</u>.

Newspapers, Magazines, and Books

Sales of newspapers are exempt from Sales Tax. Magazines and periodicals sold by subscription are exempt whether or not they are accessed by electronic means. Magazines sold as single copies are taxable when sold in printed form; however, they are exempt when delivered electronically. Membership periodicals also are exempt. A "membership periodical" is any periodical distributed by a nonprofit organization to its members as a benefit of membership in the organization. For more information, see <u>Newspapers, Magazines</u>, <u>Periodicals & New Jersey Sales Tax</u>.

Sales of books, both hardback and softback, including sales of the Bible or other sacred scripture, are taxable whether the book is delivered in hard copy or electronically.

Specified Digital Products

New Jersey imposes tax on retail sales of specified digital products and on charges for installing, maintaining, servicing, or repairing those products, when billed to a New Jersey address.

Specified digital product means an electronically transferred digital audio-visual work, digital audio work, or digital book. A digital code that provides a purchaser with a right to obtain the product is treated the same as a specified digital product. Transferred electronically means obtained by the purchaser by means other than tangible storage media.

Digital audio-visual work means a series of images which, when shown in succession, create the illusion of motion, together with accompanying sounds, if any.

Digital audio work means a series of musical, spoken, or other sounds, including a ringtone. A "Ringtone" is a digital sound file that is downloaded onto the purchaser's device, used to alert the purchaser of communication.

Digital book means a work that is generally recognized in the ordinary and usual sense as a book.

The term specified digital product *does not include* streaming services, video programming services – such as video-on-demand television – or broadcasting services, including content to provide such services.

Receipts from sales of a specified digital product that is streamed or otherwise accessed, but not delivered electronically to the purchaser, are not taxable. Other types of property that are delivered electronically, such as digital photographs, digital magazines, etc., are also not taxable.

Clothing and Footwear

Sales of articles of clothing and footwear for human use are exempt from New Jersey Sales Tax. This exemption **does not** apply to <u>fur clothing</u>; <u>accessories or equipment</u>; <u>sport or</u> <u>recreational equipment</u>, or <u>protective equipment</u> (unless the protective equipment is necessary for the daily work of the user).

Clothing includes footwear, all inner and outer wear, headgear, gloves and mittens, neckwear, and hosiery normally worn on the human body, including baby receiving blankets, bunting, diapers, diaper inserts, and baby pants. Disposable undergarments for adults also are exempt.

Exempt Clothing and Footwear (not made of fur)

Aprons (household and shop) Arch Supports Athletic Supporters **Baby Receiving Blankets Bathing Caps Bathing Suits** Beach Capes and Coats Belts and Suspenders Bibs Boots Bowling Shirts (if suitable for ordinary street wear) Coats, Jackets, and Wraps (for either evening or daytime wear) Costumes (e.g., Halloween, dance; whether for adults or children) Diapers (including disposable, whether for adults or children) Djellabas Dress Shields Dresses (including evening wear) Ear Muffs Footlets

Formal Wear Garters and Garter Belts Girdles Gloves and Mittens (for general use) Hand Muffs Hats and Caps Head and Neck Scarves and Bandannas Hosiery and Peds **Incontinence Briefs** Lab Coats Leotards and Tights Neckties **Overshoes** Pantyhose Rainwear Rubber Gloves (for home or work use) Rubber Pants Safety Clothing (normally worn in hazardous occupations) Sandals Saris Shoe Insoles (e.g., Dr. Scholl's®) Shoe Laces

Shoes (including safety shoes, sneakers and tennis shoes) Shoulder Pads (for dresses, jackets, etc.) Ski Masks Sleepwear Slippers Socks Steel-Toed Shoes Stockings Thermal Underwear Underwear Uniforms (athletic, school, scout, work, etc.) Wedding Apparel Work Clothes, Work Uniforms Yarmulkes, Turbans, and Fezzes

Protective Equipment

Protective equipment means items for human wear and designed as protection of the wearer against injury or disease, or as protections against damage or injury to other persons or property, but not suitable for general use. Protective equipment necessary for the daily work of the user is specifically **exempt**. However, protective equipment such as goggles or helmets worn for sport or recreational activities is **taxable**. Examples of protective equipment include:

- Breathing Masks Clean Room Apparel and Equipment Ear and Hearing Protectors Face Shields Hard Hats Helmets
- Protective Goggles Respirators (paint or dust) Safety Glasses and Goggles Safety Belts Tool Belts Welders' Gloves and Masks

Sport or Recreational Clothing and Footwear/Equipment

Sport or recreational equipment that is worn only in conjunction with a particular sport or recreational activity is taxable. Articles that can be adapted for general use not exclusively connected with a sporting activity are exempt from tax.

Taxable:

- Athletic Shoes (cleated or spiked) Ballet and Tap Shoes Baseball and Hockey Gloves Bicycle Shorts (padded) Bowling Shoes Fishing Boots (waders) Gloves (e.g., baseball, bowling, boxing, hockey, golf) Goggles (nonprescription)
- Golf Shoes Hand and Elbow Guards Helmets (sports and motorcycle) Ice Skates Life Preservers and Vests Mouth Guards Protective Masks Roller Blades Roller Skates (boot and screw-on) Shin Guards and Padding

Shoulder Pads	Sweatbands
Ski Boots	Swim Fins
Skin Diving Suits	Track Shoes and Cleats
Snorkel and Scuba Masks	Wetsuits and Fins
Exempt:	
Athletic Supporters	hunting, skating, and skiing apparel but
Children's Sports and Play Uniforms	suitable for general outdoor wear and
(e.g., football, baseball, karate)	commonly worn other than in a particular
Hooded Shirts	sport)
Jogging or Running Shoes, Suits	Pullovers, Turtlenecks, and Other
Knitted Caps or Hats	Sweaters
Overshoes, Coats, Mittens, Parkas, and	Ski Masks
Trousers (sometimes sold in the trade as	

Fur Clothing

Sales of fur garments and articles meeting the definition of fur clothing are **taxable**. *Fur clothing* is defined as clothing that is required to be labeled as a fur product and the value of the fur components in the product is more than three times the value of the next most valuable tangible component.

Fur means any animal skin with hair, fleece, or fur fibers attached either in its raw or processed state. It does not include skins that have been converted into leather or suede, or those from which the hair, fleece, or fur fiber has been completely removed. Examples of items that may be taxed as fur clothing include:

Boots	Hats
Capes	Neck Scarves
Coats	Jackets
Collars	Vests
Ear and Hand Muffs	Wraps

For more information, see the Notice to fur clothing sellers.

Accessories

Clothing accessories or equipment, although worn on the body, are not considered clothing or footwear and are **taxable.** Some examples are:

Backpacks and Fanny Packs	Bobby Pins
Barrettes	Briefcases
Belt Buckles (sold separately)	Cosmetics

Costume Masks (sold separately) Key Rings Elastic and Fur Ponytail Holders Patches and Emblems (sold separately) Hair Bows Shower Caps Sunglasses (nonprescription) Hairclips Hairnets Sweatbands Handbags and Shoulder or Tote Bags Umbrellas Handkerchiefs Wallets and Cell Phone Cases Headbands Watches Watch Bands Jewelry Key Cases Wigs and Hair Pieces

Yarn Goods, Yarns, Sewing Equipment, and Supplies

Common wearing apparel materials intended to be used in either making or repairing clothes are **exempt**. These materials include:

Bra and Slip Repair	Ribbons
Buttons	Seam-Binding and Bias Tape
Denim and Leather Patches	Snaps, Hooks, and Eyes
Elastic	Thread
Fabrics	Yarn
Lace	Zippers

Note: If these items are used on products other than wearing apparel, such as doll clothes and afghans, they are taxable.

Any item that does not become an integral part of the clothing is **taxable**. Some examples are:

Chalk	Needles
Fabrics and Yarns (used to make items	Patterns
other than apparel such as rugs, pillows,	Pins
etc.)	Sewing Machines
Instruction Books	Scissors
Knitting Needles	Tape Measures
Measuring Tapes	Thimbles

Leasing

A lessor must collect Sales Tax from the lessee (person who leases or rents property) on a lease or rental transaction. For leases or rentals with a term of *six months or less,* Sales Tax must be collected with each periodic payment. For leases or rentals of *more than six months,*

the full amount of tax is due up front in the period in which the lessee takes delivery of the property.

For transactions with a term of more than six months, the tax must be calculated using either the original purchase price of the property, or the total of the periodic payments required under the agreement, including interest charges directly paid by the lessee. When Sales Tax is paid on the purchase price, it does not have to be paid again if the lease is renewed or if the same property is subsequently leased to another party.

For more information, see the Notice regarding leases and rentals and Leases and Rentals.

Claim for Refund of Sales Tax

Refunds Requested by Individuals From Sellers. If New Jersey Sales Tax was incorrectly charged and collected by the seller, the purchaser can request a refund of the Sales Tax paid directly from the seller. If the purchaser is unable to recover the tax from the seller, the purchaser can request a refund from the Division of Taxation.

Refunds Requested by Individuals From the Division of Taxation. To request a refund from the Division, a purchaser must file a Claim for Refund (Form A-3730) within four years from the date of payment of the Sales Tax. Individuals must provide an explanation and submit supporting documentation to substantiate the claim. Documentation includes items such as copies of invoices or receipts and proof of tax paid.

Refunds Requested by Businesses From the Division of Taxation. Businesses that have improperly collected and/or paid Sales Tax to the State on their monthly remittance statement

(Form ST-51) may correct the error on their quarterly Sales Tax return (Form ST-50) only if the error is discovered within the same calendar quarter. If the error is discovered after the return for that quarter has been filed, the business must file an amended quarterly return for the period in which the error occurred. When filing the quarterly return, the business must take credit for all payments made for the quarter (including payments submitted in error). Quarterly returns can be amended <u>online</u> or <u>by phone</u> through the Business Paperless Telefiling System.

If the amended quarterly return results in an overpayment for the quarter, the business must file a Claim for Refund (Form A-3730) to obtain a refund. Businesses must have records of canceled sales, returns, or uncollectible receipts to substantiate any claim for a refund of Sales Tax remitted to the State.

Special rules apply to qualified Urban Enterprise Zone businesses. See Urban Enterprise Zones.

Business Registration and Collecting Sales Tax

Registering a Business

Any person or organization engaged in a business, trade, profession, or occupation in New Jersey must register with the State for tax purposes by filing a Business Registration Application, Form NJ-REG, at least 15 business days before starting business or opening an additional place of business in this State. Registration ensures that the business will receive all the forms and information it needs to comply with New Jersey tax laws.

Form NJ-REG may be filed <u>online</u> through the Division of Revenue and Enterprise Services' NJ Business Gateway Services. A Public Records Filing also is required for corporations, limited liability companies, limited partnerships, and limited liability partnerships. More information on Public Records Filing is available in the *New Jersey Complete Business Registration Package* (NJ REG) or by calling 609-292-9292.

Collecting Sales Tax

In general, every New Jersey business selling taxable items or services must collect and remit New Jersey Sales Tax when sales are completed by delivery to a New Jersey location or performance of the service in this State. Sales Tax **must be separately stated** on any sales slip, invoice, receipt, or other statement of the price payable.

Sales and Use Tax Returns

Every business that is on a reporting basis for Sales Tax purposes must file Sales Tax returns. Information on <u>filing requirements and reporting methods</u> is available on the Division of Taxation's website.

Exemption Certificates

New Jersey has exemption certificates that can be used to purchase property and services without paying Sales Tax under certain conditions. Each exemption certificate has a specific use. The New Jersey seller *accepting* an exemption certificate *must* always be registered with New Jersey. The most common certificates are the Resale Certificate (Form ST-3), Exempt Use Certificate (Form ST-4), and Exempt Organization Certificate (Form ST-5).

The seller should accept an exemption certificate only if it is fully completed. As long as the certificate is completed by the purchaser and provided to the seller, the seller is relieved of responsibility for collecting Sales Tax, even if it is later determined that the purchaser was not eligible for the exemption.

Only one exemption certificate is necessary for additional purchases of the same general type. Keep a record of each sale covered by a blanket certificate. Keep this certificate for at least four years from the date of the last purchase covered by the certificate. **SSUTA Exemption Certificate.** The Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement provides for simplification and standardization in the administration of exemptions. There is a uniform exemption certificate, Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement Certificate of Exemption (Form ST-SST), which is accepted by all SSUTA member states.

Sales to Government Agencies

Any New Jersey State agency, political subdivision of the State of New Jersey, federal agency, the United Nations, or any other international organization of which the United States is a member is exempt from paying Sales Tax. In transactions with government agencies, the acceptable proof of exemption from Sales Tax is:

- A copy of a government purchase order, official contract, or order on official government letterhead signed by a qualified officer. When the amount of the transaction is \$150 or less, a fully completed Exempt Use Certificate (<u>Form ST-4</u>) form can be issued instead; and
- Payment must be made by the agency's check or voucher or with a GSA SmartPay 2 credit card that has 0, 6, 7, 8, or 9 as the sixth digit of the account number (credit card charged to and paid directly by the federal government). If payment is made with a GSA SmartPay card having a 1, 2, 3, or 4 as the sixth digit, the transaction is taxable because the card is billed to and paid by the employee.

In addition, certain exemptions are granted to qualified foreign diplomatic and consular personnel who reside in the United States. See <u>Diplomat/Consular Sales Tax Exemptions</u>.

For more information, see <u>Tax Treatment of Nonprofit Organizations and Government Entities</u>, and <u>Diplomat/Consular Sales Tax Exemptions</u>.

Out-of-State Sales

If taxable items are sold and delivered to the purchaser out of State, New Jersey Sales Tax should not be collected. If the property is shipped out of state to a recipient other than the purchaser (e.g., in a gift transaction), the sale also is not subject to New Jersey Sales Tax. The seller must keep a record showing both the out-of-State destination and the method of delivery to that location, such as parcel post receipts, bills of lading, etc.

Sales are taxable, however, if an out-of-state customer picks up the property in New Jersey. They also are taxable if the property is delivered to the customer's location in New Jersey, even though the customer may intend to ship the property out of state at a later date. However, out-of-state purchasers who are registered with New Jersey and "qualified out-of-state sellers" may make tax-exempt purchases in New Jersey of property and services purchased for resale. For more information, see <u>Out-of-State Sales & New Jersey Sales Tax</u>.

Accounting Methods

The accrual method of accounting must be used for Sales Tax records. Under the accrual method, all items of income are included in the gross receipts when they are earned, *although actual payment may not be received until later*.

Example: Frank Smith, owner of Mr. F's Appliance Store, sold a flat-screen television to a customer in March, but did not actually receive full payment until May. He must include the amount of the sale in his gross receipts for March and pay the Sales Tax due with his Sales Tax return due April 20, even though he did not receive payment until May.

Keeping Records

New Jersey retailers are required to keep records and file New Jersey Sales and Use Tax returns. In addition, records must be kept for Income Tax and, depending on the nature of the business, other taxes as well. Maintaining good records will ensure the accuracy of tax returns and will protect the business in the event of an audit or investigation by the State.

Sales Records

Retailers registered to do business in New Jersey are responsible for collecting Sales Tax and remitting it to the State. They also can accept New Jersey exemption certificates. These certificates exempt the purchaser from paying New Jersey Sales and Use Tax on property and/or services. The seller must keep exemption certificates for at least four years from the date of the last transaction covered by the certificate. Certificates must be in the physical possession of the seller and available for inspection by the Division of Taxation. It is essential that businesses maintain clear, accurate records of all sales.

There are two principles to remember when collecting Sales Tax:

- 1. Sellers hold any Sales Tax collected in trust for the State; and
- 2. All receipts are considered to be taxable until the contrary is established.

Keep daily records of the sales made. These records can be used to make monthly totals showing the following information:

- Gross receipts from sales;
- Receipts from sales that are not subject to tax;
- Receipts from taxable sales;
- Purchases that are subject to Use Tax;
- Lease/rental transactions that are subject to tax;

• Amount of Sales Tax due the State (whether collected or billed).

Use the amounts from these totals to complete the monthly and/or quarterly tax returns.

Retention of Records

All books, records, certificates, and other documents necessary to determine the tax liability to New Jersey must be available for inspection by the Division of Taxation for at least four years. If adequate records have not been kept, the State may estimate the tax liability of the business based on any available information, including external indicators.

Photocopies or Electronically Stored Records

Books of account (cash books, ledgers, journals, etc.) must be kept. Photocopies or electronically stored records are not acceptable for audit purposes. However, if certain conditions are met, sales invoices, purchase invoices, credit memoranda, etc., may be photocopied or electronically stored to be kept for inspection. If a business intends to destroy the originals before the four year limit, written permission must be received from the Director of the Division of Taxation.

Data Processing Records

Automatic data processing tax accounting can be used if it:

- Provides a method of producing visible records for verification;
- Traces any transaction back to the original source or forward to a final total;
- Has the ability to reconstruct transactions that do not have detailed printouts made at the time the transactions were processed;
- Provides an audit trail designed to identify underlying documents such as sales invoices, purchase invoices, credit memoranda, etc.; and
- Prepares a written general ledger with source references to coincide with financial reports for the tax reporting periods.

Keep records such as punched cards, magnetic tapes, flash drives and disks for at least four years. A description of the business system must be available and include:

- The application being performed;
- The procedures employed (flow charts, diagrams, etc.); and
- The controls used to ensure accuracy.

Document important changes in the system and their effective dates.

Other Taxes and Fees

Atlantic City Luxury Sales Tax

The Atlantic City Luxury Tax is imposed on certain rentals, sales, and services within Atlantic City. The Luxury Tax rate is 9% with the exception of alcoholic beverages sold by the drink, which are subject to a rate of 3%. If the item is subject to both taxes, the State Sales Tax rate is reduced to the extent that the city rate exceeds 6%, and the maximum combined Atlantic City rate and New Jersey rate cannot exceed 12.625%. In addition, certain room rentals in Atlantic City are subject to a 1% State Occupancy Fee. (See *State Occupancy Fee and Municipal Occupancy Tax* below.) For more information, see <u>Atlantic City: Luxury Tax, New Jersey Sales Tax & Other Fees</u>.

Cape May County Tourism Sales Tax

Certain businesses in Cape May County must collect a 2% Tourism Sales Tax on predominantly tourism-related retail sales in addition to the State Sales Tax. At present, businesses in Wildwood, Wildwood Crest, and North Wildwood are required to collect the Tourism Sales Tax. "Tourism-related sales" include the following (if also taxable under the Sales and Use Tax Act):

- Hotel, motel, and transient accommodations such as short-term rentals of rooms, homes or other lodging*;
- Food and drink sold by restaurants, taverns, and other similar establishments for consumption on or off the premises (including mobile sellers and other sellers of prepared food), or by caterers (but *not* including vending machine sales); and
- Admission charges to any place of amusement, including charges for admission to rides, sporting events and exhibitions, dramatic or musical arts performances, movie theaters, and cover charges to nightclubs and cabarets.

In addition to the Tourism Sales Tax, the rent for every occupancy of a room in a hotel, motel, and transient accommodations such as short-term rentals of rooms, homes or other lodging or similar facility that is subject to the New Jersey Sales Tax also is subject to a Tourism Assessment of 1.85% and a State Occupancy Fee of 3.15%. (See *State Occupancy Fee and Municipal Occupancy Tax* below.)

The law authorizes Wildwood, Wildwood Crest, and North Wildwood to adopt or amend an ordinance that imposes the 2% Tourism Sales Tax on charges for the rental of transient accommodations which occur in Wildwood, Wildwood Crest, and North Wildwood. The Cape May County Tourism Tax will apply to charges for the rental of <u>transient accommodations</u> on the first day of the first full month following 90 days after receipt of the ordinance by the State Treasurer.

State Occupancy Fee and Municipal Occupancy Tax

An Occupancy Fee of 5% is imposed on the rent for every occupancy of a room in a hotel, motel, and transient accommodations such as short-term rentals of rooms, homes or other lodging or similar facility in most New Jersey municipalities. The fee is imposed at a lower rate in certain municipalities: 3.15% in Wildwood, Wildwood Crest, and North Wildwood; 1% in Newark, Jersey City, and Atlantic City. The fee applies to room rentals that are subject to New Jersey Sales Tax and is in addition to the Sales Tax.

A Municipal Occupancy Tax of up to 3% also may be imposed by any New Jersey municipality (other than Newark, Jersey City, Atlantic City, Wildwood, Wildwood Crest, and North Wildwood) that adopts an ordinance assessing the tax on occupancies in that municipality.

For more information, see Hotel Occupancies and New Jersey Taxes.

Meadowlands Regional Hotel Use Assessment

A Meadowlands Regional Hotel Use Assessment of 3% is imposed on the rent for every occupancy of a room in a hotel, motel or similar facility in the Hackensack Meadowlands District, including any hotels located on State-owned land. The district designated by the New Jersey Meadowlands Commission is a 30.4 square-mile area along the Hackensack River covering portions of 14 municipalities in Bergen and Hudson Counties.

The assessment applies to room rentals that are subject to New Jersey Sales Tax and is in addition to the Sales Tax and any other taxes or fees. For more information, see <u>Hotel</u> <u>Occupancies and New Jersey Taxes</u>.

Domestic Security Fee

Motor vehicle rental companies doing business in New Jersey are required to pay a \$5 per day Domestic Security Fee for each rental day a motor vehicle is rented under agreements of 28 days or less. The fee is due for the quarter in which the rental agreement ends and is separate from and in addition to any Sales Tax due on the rental transaction. For more information, see the <u>Notice to Motor Vehicle Rental Companies</u>.

Motor Vehicle Tire Fee

A fee of \$1.50 is imposed on the sale of new tires, including new tires that are component parts of a new or used motor vehicle that is either sold or leased, if the transaction is subject to New Jersey Sales Tax. The \$1.50 fee is imposed per tire, including the spare tire sold as part of a motor vehicle, and also applies to sales of new tires in connection with a repair or maintenance service. It does not apply to the sale of recapped tires. The tire fee must be collected from the purchaser by the retail seller and, in general, must be separately stated on any bill, invoice, receipt, or similar document.

Tobacco and Nicotine Products Wholesale Sales and Use Tax

The Tobacco and Nicotine Products Wholesale Sales and Use Tax is imposed on the sale, use, or distribution of tobacco or nicotine products, other than cigarettes. The tax paid by the distributor or wholesaler is calculated on the amount paid by the distributor or wholesaler to buy the products from the manufacturer. Cigarettes are exempt from this tax.

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